668 E2B7X Rept.

## CATALOGUE

OF THE

## BATRACHIA SALIENTIA

IN THE

COLLECTION

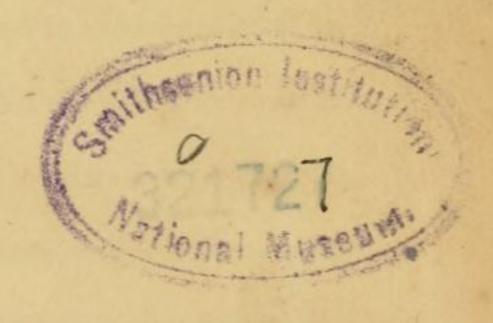
OF THE

BRITISH MUSEUM. (Nat. hist)

BY

DR. ALBERT GÜNTHER.





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## 2. Rhacophorus maximus.

? Rhacophorus reinwardtii, Dum. & Bibr. Atlas, pl. 89. f. 1, 1a.

Above uniform dark violet, beneath uniform brownish; web without spots; vomerine teeth in two slightly curved series, with a large interspace between.

a-c. Adult. Nepal. Presented by B. H. Hodgson, Esq. d. Adult. Afghanistan.

This species agrees entirely in habit with *Rhacophorus reinwardtii*, but is distinguished by size and coloration. Crown of head quite flat and very broad; tympanum half the size of eye; the base of the inner finger appears to be very broad and flat; after removing the skin, this proves to be the single flat phalanx of the thumb, as is also observed in *Rh. reinwardtii*; the membranaceous folds of the edges of the extremities are rather less developed than in that species. Edge of lower jaw reddish white, this colour being continued to a short lateral streak below the tympanum. Length of body  $3\frac{2}{3}$ "; length of hinder extremity 6"; length of anterior extremity  $2\frac{3}{4}$ ".

## 3. Rhacophorus pardalis. (Plate VI. fig. D.)

? Rhacophorus reinwardtii, Voy. de la Bonite, Rept. pl. 10. f. 1.

Above brownish olive with brown markings; legs with brown cross-bands; webs without black blotch. Vomerine teeth in two rather oblique and slightly curved series.

- a, b. Adult and half-grown. Philippines.
- c. Half-grown: not good state. Philippines.
- d. Half-grown. Borneo.
- e. Adult: not good state. Borneo. From Mr. Wallace's Collection.
- f. Adult: very bad state. East Indies. From Mr. Frank's Collection.

This species, having a rather concave forehead and loreal region, exhibits some similarity of physiognomy with  $Hyla\ pardalis$ . The cutaneous appendages and folds of the extremities are as developed as in Rh. reinwardtii. There is a brown streak across the crown between the eyes; between the shoulders a large oblong brown spot, with the four angles produced into points; a third square blotch occupies the back behind the sacral vertebra; some small irregular brown spots and points are scattered over all the upper parts. In one individual the sides are white, spotted with dark brown. All these markings are inconspicuous in one of the specimens from Borneo; the belly appears to have been reticulated with brown, but the crossbands on the legs are very conspicuous. I consider it to be a variety. Length of body  $2\frac{1}{2}$ "; length of hinder extremity 4"; length of anterior extremity  $1\frac{2}{3}$ ".