

III. *Descriptions of new genera and species of Galerucidæ.*
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Hoplosoma ventralis.

Elongata, parallela, flava, nitida, pectore abdomineque nigris; thorace transverso, lateribus basi subparallelis, antice paullo ampliatis; disco lævi, transversim excavato, elytris tenuiter punctatis.

♂. Abdominis segmento secundo spinis duabus validis armato. Long. 4—4½ lin.

Hab. Borneo, Sarawak (*Wallace*).

Head prominent; antennæ slender, filiform; eyes black. Thorax one-half as broad again as long; sides parallel, slightly dilated anteriorly; disk impunctate, transversely excavated, more deeply so on either side.

Hoplosoma ornata.

Elongata, parallela, rufo-testacea, nitida, antennis, basi exceptis, scutello, pectore pedibusque nigris; thorace transverso, disco utrinque leviter transversim excavato; tenuissime punctatis, fascia lata prope medium metallico-purpurea instructis; disco antico flavo. Long. 4 lin.

Hab. Mysol (*Wallace*).

Antennæ filiform, equal to the body in length; subapical joint of the maxillary palpus not thicker than the apical one. Thorax twice as broad as long; sides nearly straight and parallel; disk shining, nearly impunctate, impressed on either side with a broad shallow transverse excavation. Elytra parallel, very minutely punctured; flavous anteriorly, rufo-testaceous from just below the middle disk to the apex, the two colours being separated by a broad metallic purple band.

The penultimate joint of the maxillary palpus is not thickened in this species.

Cneoraus rugulipennis.

Oblongo-ovata, convexa, rufo-fulva, nitida, antennis, basi exceptis, tibiis tarsisque anticis quatuor, pedibusque posticis nigris;

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pectore abdomineque viridi-æneis, griseo-sericeis; scutello nigro; thorace convexo, lævi, utrinque vix ante medium fovea parva impresso; elytris viridi-æneis, crebre ruguloso-punctatis. Long, $3\frac{1}{2}$ — $4\frac{1}{2}$ lin.

Hab. Northern India.

Head not longer than broad, trigonate; antennæ slender, equal to the body in length. Thorax about one-half broader than long; sides obtusely angulate; disk convex, impressed on either side just beyond the middle with a small round fovea. Elytra narrowly oblong, faintly impressed below the basilar space, closely rugulose-punctate.

Mimastra apicalis.

Anguste elongata, parallela, flava, nitida, pectore abdomineque viridi-æneis, griseo-sericeis, antennis extrorsum, femoribus dorso, tibiis apice tarsisque piceis; capite subtrigonato, vertice viridi-æneo; thorace transverso, lateribus fere rectis; disco lævi, utrinque transversim sulcato, medio plus minusve distincte longitudinaliter excavato, utrinque piceo maculato; elytris parallelis, sat crebre subruguloso-punctatis, utroque plaga viridi-ænea a paullo infra medium ad apicem extensa, instructo. Long. 4— $4\frac{1}{2}$ lin.

Hab. India.

Head trigonate; antennæ very slender, equal to the body in length; the three or four lower joints flavous, the rest piceous. Thorax nearly twice as broad as long; sides straight and nearly parallel from the base to beyond the middle, thence very slightly converging and rounded to the apex; upper surface transversely excavated on either side; middle disk longitudinally sulcate, the sulcation in some specimens nearly obsolete.

Nearly allied to *Mimastra Soreli*.

Cerophysa flava.

Elongata, convexa, fulva, nitida, aureo micans, pectoris lateribus abdomineque viridi-æneis; antennis apice, tarsisque piceis; thorace lævi, utrinque obsolete excavato; elytris distincte, subcrebre punctatis, punctis subseriatis.

♂. Antennarum articulo octo magno, incrassato. Long. 3 lin.

Hab. Birmah.

Antennæ half the length of the body, the 2nd joint very short, moniliform; the 3rd twice the length of the 2nd, clavate; the 4th to the 7th short, turbinate; the 8th large, strongly incrassate. Thorax half as broad again as long; sides rounded; disk convex,

smooth, impunctate, obsoletely impressed on either side with a transverse fovea. Elytra narrowly oblong, parallel, distinctly punctured.

NACREA, n. g.

Corpus anguste oblongum, convexum. Caput exsertum, antennis filiformibus, articulo secundo minuto, tertio (in ♂) incrassato, compresso. Thorax transversus, convexus, disco transversim excavato. Elytra anguste oblonga, convexa, dorso non excavata, confuse subseriato-punctata; epipleuris planis, fere ad apicem extensis. Pedes mediocres; coxis anticis contiguus; tibiis apice inermibus; unguiculis appendiculatis. Acetabula antica integra. Type *Nacrema maculata*.

The present genus, which has quite the facies of *Cerophysa*, must, owing to the closed anterior acetabula, be placed near *Agetocera*; from this latter genus it is separated by the appendiculated claws.

Nacrema apicipennis.

Anguste oblonga, convexa, flava, nitida, scutello elytrorumque apice nigris; thorace quam longo paullo latiori, convexo, disco postico leviter transversim bifoveolato; elytris oblongis, tenuiter suberebre punctatis.

♂. Antennarum articulo tertio incrassato, oblongo-ovato, compresso, utrinque excavato. Long. $3\frac{1}{4}$ lin.

Hab. India.

Clypeus large, transversely convex, obsoletely carinate; antennæ (in the ♂) with the basal joint curved, clavate; the 2nd minute; the 3rd longer, oblong-ovate, compressed and excavated on either side; the 4th and 5th filiform, each equal in length to the basal one (the rest of the joints in the single specimen before me broken off). Elytra oblong, convex, faintly excavated transversely below the basilar space, finely but rather closely punctured.

Nacrema maculata.

Anguste oblonga, convexa, flava, nitida, scutello, pectore, abdomine, femoribus apice, tibiis tarsisque nigris; thorace quam longo paullo latiori, lateribus vix ante medium angulatis; disco lævi, disco postico bifoveolato; elytris oblongis, convexis, subseriato-punctatis; utrisque apice, macula subbasali prope suturam posita, fasciaque communi, vix pone medium, metallico-purpureis.

♂. Antennarum articulo primo curvato, clavato, secundo

minuto, tertio ampliato, compresso, nigro maculato, cæteris cylindricis, filiformibus. Long. 3 lin.

Hab. Java.

Head longer than broad; clypeus large, carinate; eyes rotundate, black; antennæ (the dilated 3rd joint excepted) filiform, about three-fourths the length of the body; 4th and following joints nearly equal in length, each about as long as the basal one. Thorax rather broader than long; sides diverging and slightly sinuate from the base to beyond the middle, thence obliquely converging to the apex; hinder disk deeply bifoveolate.

Luperodes limbella.

Ovata, convexa, flava, nitida, scutello, mesosterno, tibiis tarsisque nigris; thorace transverso, tenuiter punctato, medio transversim excavato; elytris crebre punctatis, margine basali limboque externo anguste nigris. Long. 3 lin.

Hab. Singapore (*Wallace*).

2nd and 3rd joints of antennæ short, nearly equal, the basal one flavous, the 2nd to the 4th nigro-piceous (the rest wanting). Thorax transverse; sides rounded, nearly straight and parallel behind the middle; upper surface minutely but not closely punctured; middle disk transversely excavated.

Luperodes Jacobyi.

Ovata, convexa, fulva, nitida, oculis, antennis, apice exceptis, scutello, pectore utrinque macula, tibiis tarsisque nigris; thorace lævi, utrinque leviter transversim impresso; elytris lævissime punctatis, utrisque limbo externo maculaque vix pone medium posita, nigris. Long. 4 lin.

Hab. Mysol (*Wallace*).

Eyes large, black; antennæ filiform, the 2nd joint short, the 3rd nearly twice its length, the 4th equal to the preceding two united; the upper two joints fulvous, the rest black. Thorax transverse; sides slightly rounded, nearly straight and parallel behind the middle; upper surface smooth, middle disk impressed on either side with a shallow transverse sulcation.

Luperodes marginata.

Ovata, convexa, flavo-fulva, nitida, oculis scutelloque nigris; thorace rufo, minute punctato, medio transversim sulcato; elytris tenuiter, sat crebre, punctatis, anguste nigro-limbatis. Long. $3\frac{3}{4}$ lin.

Hab. Sumatra (*Wallace*).

Head triangular, antennæ slender, nearly equal to the body in length; the 2nd joint short, the 3rd rather longer, the 4th equal in length to the preceding two united. Thorax transverse; sides slightly rounded; upper surface minutely punctured; middle disk transversely sulcate, the sulcation more deeply excavated on either side. Elytra minutely punctured, each elytron narrowly edged with black.

Nadrana bella.

Ovata, convexa, nigra, nitida, antennis flavis, basi nigro-piceis; thorace convexo, lævi, fere impunctato, elytris lævibus, tenuissime punctatis, apice nigris.

Var. A. Elytris totis nigris. Long. $4\frac{1}{2}$ lin.

Hab. Malacca, Tringarnee, Sumatra. Var. A. Singapore (*Wallace*).

Thorax broader than long, sides rounded; convex, remotely impressed with very fine punctures, visible only under a lens. Elytra oblong-ovate, convex, rather more closely but not more strongly punctured than the thorax.

The absence of the transverse sulcation of the thorax will at once separate this species from *N. pallidicornis*.

Prasyptera nitidipennis.

Oblongo-ovata, postice paullo ampliata, convexa, flava, nitida, vertice, labro, antennis, tibiis apice, tarsis, abdominisque maculis, nigris, scutello pectoreque nigro-piceis; thorace transverso, lævi, utrinque obsolete foveolato; elytris oblongis, crebre punctatis, viridi-æneis. Long. 4 lin.

Hab. Mysol (*Wallace*); a single specimen.

Antennæ slender, the 2nd joint very short, the 3rd twice its length, its base fulvous. Thorax nearly twice as broad as long; sides nearly straight and parallel behind the middle, slightly rounded and converging anteriorly; upper surface transversely convex, smooth, impunctate, faintly foveolate on either side. Elytra rather closely and distinctly punctured; on the disk of each elytron are visible two or three faintly-raised longitudinal lines.

Separated from *P. Haroldi* by the different coloration of the head, by the narrower thorax, and by the brighter-coloured, more strongly punctured elytra.

Atysa nitidicollis.

Anguste elongata, parallela, nigra, nitida, metallico purpureo tincta, pectore, femoribus, apice exceptis, scutello elytrisq; fulvis; his opace dense sericeis, crebre punctatis, tertio apicali metallico-purpureo; thorace utrinque profunde excavato, tenuiter subremote punctato. Long. $3\frac{2}{3}$ lin.

Hab. Ké (*Wallace*).

Head trigonate, not longer than broad; vertex and front finely and remotely punctured. Thorax scarcely one-half broader than long; sides diverging from the base to beyond the middle, thence nearly parallel to the apex; disk finely and subremotely punctured, deeply excavated on either side. Elytra closely but rather strongly punctured.

Atysa Jansoni.

Anguste elongata, parallela, subtus cum capite nigra, subnitida; supra opaca, fulva; thorace transversim depresso, utrinque magis fortiter excavato, crebre punctato; elytris crebre punctatis, dense sericeis, dimidio postico nigro. Long. $2\frac{1}{2}$ —3 lin.

Hab. New Guinea (*Wallace*).

Vertex and front finely rugose-punctate. Thorax one-half broader than long; sides obtusely rounded, diverging at the base; disk concave, more deeply excavated on either side, coarsely and closely granulose-punctate. Elytra closely punctured, densely sericeous, their posterior half black, this colour extending upwards along the suture nearly to the base.

Atysa sulcicollis.

Anguste elongata, parallela, nigra nitida, sericea, capite thoraceque glabris, hoc disci medio, nec non ad basin transversim sulcato; scutello elytrisq; fulvis; his opacis, crebre punctatis, dense sericeis, utroque plaga magna, ad marginem adfixa, a basi ad ultra medium extensa fulva ornato. Long. 4 lin.

Hab. Malay Archipelago (*Wallace*).

Head longer than broad, subcuneiform, clypeus large, shining, impunctate; mouth piceous; antennæ nearly equal to the body in length, more robust than in the other species. Thorax twice as broad as long; sides obtusely angulate, sinuate anteriorly; upper surface minutely and subremotely punctured; middle disk with a deep transverse sulcation, which extends on either side nearly to the lateral margin; at the base is a similar groove, which is

interrupted on either side near the hinder angle by a short piceous ridge. Elytra closely punctured, coarsely sericeous.

Atysa fulvicornis.

Anguste elongata, parallela, subtus nigro-cærulea, nitida, ore pedibusque fulvis; supra fulva, capite (facie inferiori antennisque exceptis) thoraceque nigris, crebre et fortiter punctatis; elytris parallelis, dense sericeis, crebre punctatis, apice nigro-cæruleis. Long. 4 lin.

Hab. Waigiou (*Wallace*).

Vertex and front coarsely and closely punctured; lower face and antennæ fulvous. Thorax nearly one-half broader than long; sides diverging from the base to just beyond the middle, thence rounded and converging towards the apex; hinder angle with a small obtuse tooth; upper surface concave, coarsely and closely punctured. Elytra closely but rather more finely punctured than the thorax, densely sericeous.

Atysa funesta.

Anguste elongata, parallela, nigra, nitida, thorace inferiori, capite inferiori, femoribusque fulvis, his piceo tinctis; capite thoraceque minus nitidis, crebre et fortiter punctatis; elytris dense nigro-sericeis, crebre punctatis, metallico-purpureis; abdominis segmentis albo-marginatis. Long. 3—4 lin.

Hab. New Guinea, Dorey (*Wallace*).

Head broader than long; eyes large, round; vertex and front flattened, coarsely and closely punctured. Thorax nearly twice as broad as long; sides diverging from the base to just beyond the middle, thence sinuate and slightly converging towards the apex; disk depressed, obliquely thickened on either side close to the anterior margin; coarsely and closely punctured. Elytra closely but more finely punctured than the head and thorax.

Galerucella thoracica.

Elongata parallela, convexa, fulvo-picea, fusco-sericea, capite thoraceque fere glabris; antennis robustis, scutello, femoribus apice, tibiis tarsisque nigris; thorace transverso; lateribus vix pone medium emarginatis; disco profunde et irregulariter excavato; elytris oblongis, parallelis, crebre punctatis, nigro-piceo plus minusve tinctis. Long. 4 lin.

Hab. Aru Islands; Celebes; Ternate (*Wallace*).

Front flattened, finely rugulose; antennæ robust, rather more than half the length of the body. Thorax more than twice as broad as long; sides angulate-emarginate just behind their middle; disk broadly and irregularly excavated across the middle, closely punctured on either side behind the anterior margin. Elytra parallel, closely punctured, more or less stained with nigro-piceous, this colour in some specimens extending over their whole surface.

Galerucella Wallacei.

Elongata, convexa, sordide fulva, dense sericea, antennarum articulis intermediis capitisque macula frontali nigris; thorace transverso, lateribus angulatis, disco late transversim excavato, maculis tribus, transversim positis, nigris; elytris oblongis, crebre punctatis, fuscis, fusco-sericeis; tibiis dorso tarsisque piceis. Long. $4\frac{1}{2}$ lin.

Hab. New Guinea, Dorey (*Wallace*).

Head nearly glabrous, vertex swollen, convex; antennæ rather slender, the 3rd to the 9th joints black or nigro-piceous. Thorax three times as broad as long; anterior margin concave; sides angulate, their anterior angle laterally acute; disk transversely concave. Elytra oblong, very closely punctured, fuscous, densely clothed with concolorous pubescence.

STRUMATEA, n. g.

Corpus oblongum, convexum, dense sericeum. Antennæ graciles, articulo secundo ad plus quam partem dimidiam articuli primi æquilongo. Thorax transversus, dorso profunde excavatus. Elytra convexa, tuberculis magnis, in seriebus longitudinalibus dispositis, instructa; epipleuris planis, ultra elytri medium extensis. Pedes minus robusti; coxis anticis contiguis; tibiis apice inermibus; tarsis posticis articulo basali sequentibus tribus æquilongo. Prosternum inter coxas occultum; acetabulis anticis clausis. Type *Strumata nodosa*.

Closely allied to *Galeruca*, differing from that genus in the long filiform 2nd joint of the antennæ.

Strumatea nodosa.

Oblonga, convexa, fusco-fulva, opaca, dense sericea; capite subcuneiformi, clypeo magno, nitido, glabro; fronte fovea magna, fundo nigra, impresso; thorace transverso, crebre punctato, foveis magnis (circa undecim) superficiem fere amplectentibus, impresso,

spatiis inter foveas elevatis, foveis discoidalibus fundo nigris; elytris convexis, tuberculis magnis numerosis, in seriebus longitudinalibus dispositis, instructis. Long. $3\frac{3}{4}$ lin.

Hab. Sarawak, a single specimen (*Wallace*).

Head much longer than broad; clypeus large, smooth, impunctate; vertex shining, impunctate; antennæ about three-fourths of the body in length, slender, filiform; the 2nd joint filiform, two-thirds the length of the basal one; the 3rd one-third longer than the 2nd. Thorax transverse; upper surface coarsely and closely punctured, entirely covered with large deeply-excavated foveæ, their interspaces thickened; the foveæ on the middle disk black or nigro-piceous, the four or five excavations on the middle disk stained with black. Elytra convex, closely granulose-punctate; disk with a number of strongly-raised large wart-like tubercles, which cover nearly the whole surface, and are arranged on each elytron in three longitudinal rows, those on the intermediate row being less defined than those on the lateral ones; the tubercles on each row are connected by a faintly-defined longitudinal costa.

Sastra discoidalis.

Subelongata, convexa, fulva, nitida, antennarum articulis intermediis maculaque verticali nigris; thorace transverso, utrinque transversim sulcato; elytris parallelis, parce sericeis, crebre et fortiter punctatis, basi et ad latera metallico-violaceis. Long. $3\frac{1}{2}$ —4 lin.

Hab. Borneo (Sarawak; Singapore, *Wallace*).

Antennæ slender, equal to the body in length, 3rd joint twice the length of the 2nd, rather shorter than the 4th, the latter to the 8th black or nigro-piceous. Thorax twice as broad as long; sides rounded, diverging from the base to the middle; disk somewhat irregular, impressed on either side with a transverse groove. Elytra closely and coarsely punctured, the base, together with a broad submarginal stripe, abbreviated before reaching the apex, metallic violaceous.

Nicea pulchella.

Anguste oblonga, convexa, nigra, nitida, capite (antennis exceptis) thoraceque rufo-testaceis; antennis basi, femoribus anticis quatuor subtus, tibiisque basi, rufo-piceis; thorace transverso, profunde transversim excavato; elytris oblongis, postice ampliatis, modice convexis, infra basin leviter transversim excavatis, tenuiter

punctatis; nigro-cyaneis, basi lata fasciaque pone medium communi versus suturam postice prolongata, rufo-testaceis. Long. $4\frac{3}{4}$ lin.

Hab. Dorey (*Wallace*).

Head longer than broad, subcuneiform; antennæ equal to the body in length, filiform. Thorax nearly three times as broad as long; sides subparallel, slightly diverging from the base to beyond the middle; disk broadly and deeply excavated, the excavation extending on either side nearly to the lateral margin.

Eumæa fasciata.

Elongata-oblonga, convexa, fulva, nitida, vertice, antennis, pedibus metasternoque nigro-piceis aut nigris; thorace transverso; lateribus rectis, parallelis; disco late transversim excavato; elytris tenuiter punctatis, utroque breviter bicostato, nigris, fascia lata mediali flava. Long. 4— $4\frac{1}{2}$ lin.

Hab. Dorey, Sulu Islands (*Wallace*).

Head subtrigonate; antennæ longer than the body, slender, attenuated towards the apex. Thorax twice as broad as long; sides straight and parallel; disk smooth, broadly excavated transversely, more deeply impressed on either side. Elytra oblong, convex, transversely depressed below the basilar space, finely punctured; each elytron on the outer disk with two short, nearly parallel, raised longitudinal lines, which extend from below the humeral callus to a short distance beyond the middle of the disk. In some specimens the femora are piceo-fulvous.

Eumæa albo-fasciata.

Anguste oblonga, convexa, nigra, nitida, antennis basi pallide piceis; facie inferiori, pedibus, thorace scutelloque sordide albidis; thorace transverso, lateribus rectis, parallelis, disco lævi, profunde transversim excavato; elytris oblongis, tenuiter sed distincte punctatis, utroque infra callum humeralem breviter bicostato; nigris, limbis laterali et suturali, apice ampliatis, fasciisque duabus latis, una ante, altera pone, medium positus, sordide albidis. Long. $3\frac{3}{4}$ lin.

Hab. Mysol (*Wallace*).

Antennæ slender, filiform, not attenuated towards the apex. Thorax rather more than twice as broad as long; sides straight and parallel; upper surface broadly and deeply excavated. Elytra similarly sculptured to *E. fasciata*, rather more strongly punctured.

Eumæa apicipennis.

Subelongata, postice vix ampliata, nigra, nitida; antennis pallide piceis; thorace transverso, lateribus subparallelis, obtuse rotundatis; disco profunde transversim sulcato; elytris anguste oblongis, postice vix ampliatis, modice convexis, tenuiter punctatis, flavis, tertio postico nigro. Long. 3—3½ lin.

Hab. New Guinea, Dorey (*Wallace*).

Antennæ slender, rather longer than the body. Thorax scarcely twice as broad as long; sides nearly straight and diverging from the base to beyond the middle, thence rounded and converging towards the apex; disk smooth, deeply impressed with a transverse sulcation, which extends nearly from side to side of the thorax. Elytra very faintly impressed below the basilar space, very finely punctured.

Eumæa flavipennis.

Subelongata, convexa, viridi-ænea, nitida, antennis nigris; thorace transverso, disco late transversim excavato, subcrebre punctato; elytris oblongis, flavis, crebre sat fortiter punctatis, utroque lineis elevatis quinque, a paullo infra basin fere ad apicem extensis, instructo. Long. 4 lin.

Hab. Menado, a single specimen (*Wallace*).

Head prominent, front distinctly punctured, vertex convex, impunctate; antennæ slender, equal to the body in length, the 2nd joint short, the 3rd more than twice its length. Thorax more than twice as broad as long; sides nearly straight and parallel posteriorly, slightly converging towards the apex; disk broadly excavated, concave, its surface distinctly punctured. Elytra oblong, closely and strongly punctured; each elytron with five distinctly-raised longitudinal lines, which commence below the base and extend nearly to the apex.

Menippus metallicus.

Elongato-ovatus, sordide fulvus, griseo-sericeus, nitidus, antennis, femoribus apice, tibiis tarsisque nigris; caput thoraceque viridi-æneo tinctis, hoc subcrebre punctato, irregulariter toruloso, medio longitudinaliter sulcato; elytris sat crebre punctatis, metallico-viridibus. Long. 4 lin.

Hab. Celebes, a single specimen from the collection of the late E. Deyrolle.

Head subrotundate; front impressed with a longitudinal groove, finely granulose-punctate; antennæ rather less than half the length of the body, robust, slightly attenuated towards the apex, Thorax

more than twice as broad as long; sides rounded; upper surface irregularly thickened, impressed on the middle disk with a shallow longitudinal groove. Elytra narrowly oblong, convex, rather closely and strongly punctured, interspaces between the punctures granulose.

Buphonida puncticollis.

Subelongata, convexa, sordide fulva, antennis, basi exceptis, nigro-piceis; thorace transverso; lateribus a basi ad ultra medium oblique divergentibus; hinc ad apicem rotundatis; disco late transversim excavato, crebre punctato, medio longitudinaliter sulcato; elytris parallelis, anguste oblongis, crebre punctatis, dense sericeis. Long. $2\frac{1}{2}$ —3 lin.

Hab. Batchian (*Wallace*).

Head prominent; front flattened and slightly excavated, finely rugose-punctate; antennæ rather more than half the length of the body, the 2nd joint oblong, the 3rd nearly twice its length. Thorax twice as broad as long; sides straightened, obliquely diverging from the base to beyond the middle, thence rounded and converging to the apex; disk broadly and deeply excavated, rather strongly and deeply punctured. Elytra parallel, narrowly oblong, closely punctured, densely sericeous.

Buphonida submarginata.

Anguste oblonga, convexa, flavo-albida, nitida, thorace quam longo plus duplo latiori, transversim sulcato, sulco medio magis fortiter excavato; elytris oblongis, dense sericeis, opacis, granuloso-punctatis; sordide flavis, margine basali, lineaque submarginali a basi ad apicem extensa, metallico-purpureis. Long. 3 lin.

Hab. Mysol (*Wallace*).

Head prominent, vertex swollen, impunctate: clypeus very short, transverse; antennæ slender, nearly equal to the body in length. Thorax nearly three times as broad as long; sides nearly parallel, sinuate behind the middle; upper surface deeply and broadly sulcate, more deeply excavated on the medial line. Scutellum black. Elytra oblong, slightly flattened along the suture, closely granulose-punctate, densely sericeous.

Buphonida placida.

Subelongata, convexa, pallide flava, nitida, tibiis tarsisque pallide piceis; thorace quam longo plus duplo longiori, disco impunctato, late transversim excavato; elytris dense sericeis, crebre punctatis, antennarum articulo secundo brevissimo. Long. 3 lin,

Hab. Sarawak (*Wallace*).

Head strongly produced, vertex very convex, shining, impunctate; antennæ very slender, equal to the body in length, the 2nd joint very short, the 3rd more than four times its length. Thorax nearly three times as broad as long; sides slightly diverging from the base to the middle, thence nearly parallel to the apex; upper surface shining, impunctate; disk with a broad transverse concave excavation. Elytra closely punctured, densely sericeous.

Haplosonyx quadriplagiata.

Oblongo-ovata, convexa, fulva, nitida, antennis, basi exceptis, scutello, pectore, abdominis maculis pedibusque nigris; femoribus anticis quatuor interdum piceis; thorace transverso, lateribus angulatis; disco utrinque transversim excavato, maculis tribus nigris notato; elytris oblongis, distincte punctato-striatis, striis per paria approximatis; utroque plagis duabus, una transversa, infra basin, altera oblonga, a vix ante medium fere ad apicem extensa, nigris. Long. 4 lin.

Hab. Java.

Antennæ robust, rather more than half the length of the body, three lower joints fulvous, the rest black. Thorax more than twice as broad as long; sides distinctly angulate; disk transversely excavated on either side; hinder disk with three black spots placed transversely on the surface, the middle spot smaller than the lateral ones. Elytra each with nine, at the extreme base with ten, rows of distinct punctures, arranged (the row next the suture excepted) in pairs; lateral margin impressed with a single row of punctures, coarser than those on the disk.

Ochralea fulva.

Elongato-ovata, convexa, læte fulva, nitida, oculis nigris; antennis gracilibus, thorace quam longo vix latiori; lateribus leviter rotundatis; convexo, minute, sat crebre punctato; elytris magis distincte, sat crebre punctatis. Long. $4\frac{1}{2}$ lin.

Hab. Himalayas, a single specimen.

Head not broader than long, subrotundate; eyes rotundate; antennæ slender, nearly equal to the body in length, the 2nd and 3rd joints short, nearly equal. Thorax slightly broader than long; sides slightly rounded, obliquely converging from the middle towards the apex; disk convex, closely and minutely punctured. Scutellum trigonate. Elytra oblong-ovate, convex, more strongly but less closely punctured than the thorax.